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THE STORY OF GLOUCESTER MASSACHUSETTS

PERMANENTLY SETTLED 1623



FREDERICK W. TIBBETS /
AND GIVEN BEFORE

THE CONVENTION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS

STATE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION

AT CITY HALL, GLOUCESTER

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 21, 1916



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Contract of Persons



Fishermen's Field, now Stage Fort Park

I appreciate very much the invitation which has been extended to me by your directors that I should prepare and deliver a paper at your annual convention at Gloneester, and of whose history covering three centuries of existence you have so kindly asked me to speak to you. It is in response to that invitation that I am with you today, to tell you the story of the braye and courageous men who early in the seventeenth century builded so well the place they settled, and of those other men and women who have never in all the years since then lost faith nor doubted that here upon the rugged headlands of old Cape Ann at length there would be found the City Prosperous and the City Beautiful. I cannot in the brief time at my disposal attempt to cover in a few words the many things of absorbing interest about Gloucester and her history. Lam, therefore, asking that you will listen as I tell to you some things that have seemed to me the most important about this city.

Gloucester will celebrate its 300th Anniversary in 1923.

In 1920, three years hence, the three hundredth anniversary of the settlement at Plymouth will be celebrated with the consideration that its importance in the

to they of this country domainds. But the settlement at Plemouth was that at a hand of Pilgrins seeking in a new world the opportunity to worship God but with a imustion that is, to worship tool according to their own above. The Pilgram Fathers came to this country nor primards to found a date, nor were they adventurearimposse king near new canaday new opportunities for busiruss summero and wealth. If landreds of thousands of the people of this country in 1920 journey down to Plymouth and to Provinctown, for Provincetown has as much right in share the glory of this tereintenary softwarron of a landmark tie the country's history much more should they not lorget to come to Gloucester and to Cape Aim whose three veits lifer will be celebrated the three hundredth manyors ary of the founding of the Vine, characte line Colone

And it is not upon Aun, another important landmark in our factory that you men of Massachusetts, representing the same courage and the same adventurous damp that the men who came here in 1623 have much for the time annual convention. I challenge are no to daily that the men who compose the Pire Departments of the critics and towns of Massachusetts of chart they are the permanent men in these departments or only those de granted as call man, display the same strong qualities at analysis of these who go town to the second ships that is fishermen they may are than all a can their fivelihead. To do and dare in the force of grace danger and under every circumstance range the force and we find them as themen and as programs as men in all walls so life.

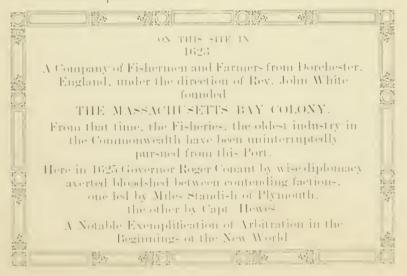
Visits of Early French and English Navigators.

I could did I have the time, speak to you of the presumed cone of the adventures. Norsemen to this coursel must almost too continues ago, but tradition is not too and we have companied as face remance. I

would, were it possible, tell you something of the early French and English navigators in the beginnings of the seventeenth century, of Bartholomew Gosnold in 1602, of Martin Pring in 1603 and of many others of those hardy men who must have seen even if they did not land upon our shores. I would like to say something of the French Champlain, who in 1605 and 1606 visited these shores and made a landing and a map and called this harbor of ours. "Le Beau Port." beautiful today as then. I would like to tell you something of the tribes of Indians who lived here in those old days and worshipped the Great Spirit at Tablet Rock. And I would like to speak of John Smith, who in 1614 was undoubtedly the first Englishman to plant his foot upon our soil and who named the fair headland Tragabigzanda soon changed to Cape Ann by Prince Charles in honor of his mother, Anne of Denmark. All these things I would like to tell you, did time permit.

Foundation of the Massachusetts Bay Colony at Stage Fort Park.

On Stage Fort Park in 1907, citizens of Gloucester dedicated a tablet of bronze set in the primeval boulder and the inscription reads



I want to suppliesize this one important and far reaching hier than you have come to the place where three January day cars ago in 1623 the Massachusetts Buy Colony was founded and that here, right here in commerster, and at Pishermen's Field, you will find one of the most historic spors in this great State of Musserplaced. If was to Cape. Our that the mone ame who tounded the Massachusetts Bay Colony and established loyand par adventure its first church, its first school have its first gathering of men in what afterward was to beginne the Town Meeting. And it was on Fishermen - Field now Stage Fort Park, at the entrance of the city westward that these things took place, and it was from that spot that the settlements went forth which were to lead up to Independence to the Constitution unlike United States of America. And I want you to have an initial that there is this distinction between the redunits at Plymonth and at Cape Ann. Plymonth pounded because of sentiment. Cape Ann because of the desire to enablide under low a lapaness outerprise

Tablet Commemorates the Establishment of the Fisheries.

For what more does the great bronce tablet tell to sent and note. It tells of the establishment on that sale of the n-hing and the lighteness the oblest of all the industries of the Commonwealth and it tells us, too, that continuously without interruption that industry has been marel on here. I ask you to tell use if any smaller had to take a professional New Fagdings. In 1623, the place because a landmark as the profess it down part at the New Words cridle of New Fagdings's common to the New Hardwarf's common to the New Hardwarf's



Wharf with Vessels

winter and summer months, this industry has been pursued, now with good luck, now with poor, in many a year bringing sorrow and suffering to many homes by reason of disaster on the deep, but always pushing onward and upward and wringing from out the briny sea wealth and progress.

And yet again, this tablet tells a yet stronger fact that here on old Cape. Annother great principle of Arbitration was first set forth and

what might have ended in bloodshed was wisely averted by the diplomacy and tact of Roger Conant, first of the long line of Governors who have honored this grand old Commonwealth. By wise diplomacy did I say, yes and by that diplomacy teaching the lesson of the Golden Rule to settle disputes between man and man and between nations and nations.

Settlement at Cape Ann Was Never Abandoned.

I ask you to keep in mind these things as I hasten on to show and prove to you that you have come in 1916 to one of the shrines of the New World to which in future years people will come more and more as they learn the history that has been made on this, the ruggedest headland of the Bay State.

The feeble settlement at Cape Ann never faltered. Some of the earliest colonists wearied and discouraged went over the shere to Salem, some returned to England



A had been seemed in Character's New

Into their phers were taken by others and still others and in 1632 the town of Glomester was incorporated towned along Glomester, England whence many of the softlers of that year came t and the first step in the drough was myor.

Between 1923 and 1642 the books atthement on Fishermont - Field where the first hone land been created the fishing stages set up, the saft works started and branchise beauties the primitive fishing books had adoption to roup the barvests of the deep find books away. The settlers who remained and others who followed built prother secures and in 1631 we find a Robinson at Annoquem arrests of that other Robinson who in 1733 area what is now the ferry landing at East-



THE TAX STREET, NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PART

Gloncester, gave a new name to the mercantile vocabulary and a new rig to the commerce of the world, for in that year as a vessel which he had built was going off the stocks, a bystander crying out "See how she scoons," a "scooner let her be," replied Robinson, and added emphasis was given to the term by reason of the way in which she was rigged.

Some Important Events of the First Century of the Town.

The story of the first century of our history is alive with interesting events. Feeble though the beginnings



Meeting House Green

were, the spirit of determination never faltered and the growth in population and in business enterprise was constant though at times exceedingly slow. Richard Blynman, the first minister after the incorporation, made Cape Ann an Island by the cut in Squam River in 1643 near where the bridge now spanning that river on Western avenue is named for him. Within five years of its incorporation we find a ship to have been built, a military company organized, a meeting house creeted, the second since the settlement in 1623, and both located as were the several that were to follow near what is now known as Meeting House Green up in town, a burial place laid out, the present ancient burying ground

an Communal avenue. Even at this early period there onto shipwrights and carpenters and the beginnings of a matter a commerce, the curving of cargoes of wood to silem and Biston and other nearby peris. Within ten years the first saw mill had been creeted and within owe me the last core noll at what is now the grist mill at Recordate, where ever since come has been ground and the business of the miller curried on. We read of the flest gardsons as delences against the Indians under King Phillip (1076) of the story of the days of witchand (1692) which fortunately did not obtain a firm hadhold here of the establishment of the ferry to the West in Second Parish (1694) of the first schoolingister pages is of the first witch house at what is now known no The Lort (1705) of the tride in eugoes of sind (172a) As only as 1650 some of our settlers had removed to New London Conner and others removed to New Falmouth, Maine in 1727, and still others in 1739 went will harmer into the Maine wilderness, and founded physicals rowheat New Colonicoster

Town an Early Sufferer from Shipwrecks and Marine Losses.

As early as 1635 a terrible shipwisek occurred off an door by which twenty and more lives were lest and the claim where two of these saved their because known as Francisco Island and its ecknown at the present time to be in this island, the twen lightheapers were built maken 1774 near highest besore and when the mariners a same where they have done in all the years need thank and search have been the shipwiseks on an arrival and search have been marked to the same had ead

the 17 for the first of the langeline of disasters to our orbits first took place as serious in hos of life then as on as took, pour a true since that early period. We



OLD FORT

read of the coming of the first physician (4742), of the first workhouse (4746), of the pirates who threatened our vessels and our shores (4724), of the final purchase of the Indian rights for seven or eight pounds (4700), of the establishment of what was then known as the district school system (4735) and exactly one hundred years after its incorporation of the erection of the first fort (4742) on the very spot where thirty-seven years before the first watch had been established.

Progress Shown at the Beginning of the Second Century.

The first century of the history of the town had closed. Within that time the fishing business had been firmly established, ship building was being carried on, coastwise commerce a source of income. The population had grown, new settlers had come taking the place of those who had left, three parishes beside the parent church had been established, one at West Parish 1716 (the second), one at Annisquam 1728 (the third), and one "up in town"—1743 (the fourth), for with the growth in population and the development of the fishing the centre of the town had changed and was now nearer the harbor and the harbor water front, and so the members of the first parish had removed from Meeting House Green and were now worshipping in a new and larger meeting house, which had been erected

on what was then Cornhill now Modelle street and on the very site where it is now worshipping thoughtureness released and with charach and school and town meeting there naturally came the old time tovern the first in town being that of dames Stevens who dispensed ledging and food at what is known as the Ellery amusion rear the



Med H 17 %

terrors exerted about 1710 and known not many yearaltor as the Stevens tryern and here on early recordtell us that "licker" was paid for out of the money of the tryphyors whenever the selectmen met. How changed the lames

The Second Century in the History of the Town.

The second century opens with the Prench war 1745, he whole Chonester publy did her whole duty I wish I had the time to tell your omething of what that pure was and of the organistic story of Peg Wessen, the



Stand L. Stein, & Transport, artists.

witch That I have not the time to do. In 1754 the Sindy Bay Parish was incorporated, the fifth in town Sindy Bay whose first settler was Richard Time From its incorporation as a parish this portion of the town tree and propored until in 1810 it because by the act of the Legislature the town of

Rockport. In 1751 the excise act and in 1756 the stamp act were rousing our people in preparation for the big events which were soon to follow, events that led up to Lexington and Concord and Bunker Hill, to the Declaration of Independence, the war of the Revolution, to Yorktown and at length to the reality of the United States of America. In all these events Gloucester and its citizens never faltered, active participants in the preliminary struggles, sending more than its quota to Bunker Hill and then into the ranks of the American Army, doing still as great service as privateersmen on the sea. Brave and courageous in their calling as fishermen, equally brave and courageous fighting for Liberty and Independence.

The War of the Revolution had closed. Its effect had been heavily felt in this town and poverty and suffering was touching severely the people. It was therefore, with great rejoicing that they learned in 1783 that Peace had been declared. The years that followed soon restored confidence and confidence begat prosperity and progress.

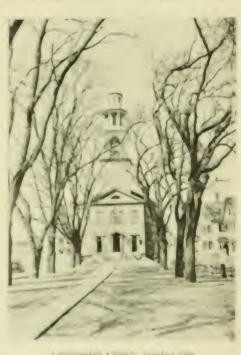
It would be interesting to tell you of the appearance of the old town at the close of this war, to describe the crooked streets, to speak of the old houses and of the customs of those other days and then to refer even briefly to the then prominent families, many of them not now represented in the city. All these things would prove fascinating reading. I would like to tell you of the old time training days, the greatest holiday of the year, when the different military companies from the different parts of the town gathered and under the command of their colonel spent the day in military drill, of the march of the Honey Pinks headed by fife and drum into town from across the cut, whose approach was the signal that the great events of the day were really coming, the Honey Pinks whose descendants within the week have

oner again proved the mettle of their make up by air pressing into a near by launter

Foundations of Universalism Laid in Gloucester.

I now game to mother of the great events which will ever make Gloucoster lamons. I can only refer to it in the briefest way In 1770 John Marray the first promise of the great doctrine of Universalism landed in The year previous the most representative Vancemen and authential citizens of the town of Gloriester had

harnest something of what the distrine was that Murray pronofied and by the time he constant limitate hard read of hime It was not long before he was invited to Glorice-per and here he same to 1771 and for twenty hone years nametro ed policipore ple In 1780 the first Universalist church building or the world was recoved our the land where the Bradford block on Main street one stands and show in 1800, the



I exception county meeting new

splendid chamic building time shouling on the corner of Church and Middle streets was built and dedicated

The coming of Marray technice-fer and the events that a led up to were in many respects as important we any that lord Improved or the history of this country Openins led many Levington and Concord and Banker, Hill and Imbependence, and the bounding on this

continent of a government whose corner stone is Liberty and the equality of all men under the law, so did the fight which Murray and his friends, the Universalists, made in Gloucester lead up to the Liberty of the people to worship God in their own way and to the equality of all beliefs and creeds under the law. Murray and his friends here made the fight not alone for Universalists, but for the Unitarian and the Baptist and the Methodist and the Episcopalian and the Catholic and the Jew and for all the different bodies of religious people no matter what their name or creed and even for those who do not believe in church or creed and all these peoples owe a debt to that early band of Universalists, feeble and few in number. which can never be paid. But yet again, this same society of Universalists were pioneers in the anti-slavery cause for it was their second minister, the Rey, Thomas Jones. who wrote in 1813 these words after attending the funeral of one of his parishioners, Gloster Dalton, one of the signers of its charter of compact, 1785.

"He was a native of Africa and brought away as a slave (so called). For there are no Slaves. All Men are born Free." And these words antedated the Emancipation Proclamation fifty years.

Charter of Tyrian Lodge of Masons Bears Historic Signatures.

Nor must I forget to tell you at this time of the institution in March, 1770, of Tyrian Lodge of Masons, one of the oldest Masonic lodges in the State, whose charter, precious document that it is, bears the signatures of General Joseph Warren, who fell five years later at Bunker Hill and of Paul Revere, whose early morning ride on the nineteenth of April, 1775, will go ringing down the ages as long as pluck and daring make the heart beat quicker at the recital of their deeds, and, still more precious, whose jewels are the handiwork of that same Revere, pioneer Patriot of Massachusetts. The

history of this Lodge of Masons for now a contary and a bull is singularly interwoyen with the best in the blo of this town. Strange indeed that in 1770 this Lodge was assumed a mostly by the men who the year before had bound of the hith of Universalism, who is corner stone rests upon the Eatherhead of God and the Brotherhead of Man, and who four years later were to become the first Universalist Society in the World. Strange, did I say.

Developments in Transportation and the Arts of Peace.

I may the bencheont effects of the adoptions of the Constitution Gloucester grew in wealth and population and the history too the most century and more is the history of adjucyoment and developmentharrically mylely the events of greater importance we word of the establishment of the Custom House, 1789. and Postoffler, 1792, of the earlier lastory of the stage much as the means of communication between distant points to be followed in 1847 by the opening of a branch of the Eastern Radroad giving train service to Boston until at the present time a train an hour or oftener each way makes this bounds one of the best paying parts of the Boston and Maine system, of the street malway development in all directions locally and as component parts of the Bay Share Radrond, of the coming of the automobile until locally unless one happears to own one has to may remembered to be no good form, and becomes of which our mary alled -ca shore property will be all made available for smanler lumies, of the relegraph, the to legitimine such the manufactless other time saving devices flandage helped the development of Clones-reclassaness. and finally on our own shores the great invention of the veninger Hammand, adopted son of our env

We must not larger that mader the influence of the constitution (thursday resource) a view time. the fair



View of Gloucester 1817 (Beach

famed sea serpent in 1817, the giant monster of the deep in length a hundred feet or more, in size around the belly as large as a good sized barrel and with a month two feet wide from whose depths shot forth a forked tongue, and whose visit is vouched for by the most reputable of the citizens of those days whose word was as good as their bond. Ten years later the first newspaper was published in the town. The Gloncester Telegraph, and then came the Gloncester Lyceum, whose efforts to disseminate knowledge by the lecture course led finally to the public library so richly endowed in the latter part of the past century by that prince of native born benefactors. Samuel E. Sawyer.

Town Showed Patriotism by Many Enlistments in all National Wars.

The wars of 1812 and 1845 found Gloucester ready to do and suffer to the limit of her resources, while the terrible battle for supremacy in 1861-1865 between the North and the South resulted in a victory for a Government of and for and by the people with Freedom written strong all over the Constitution, and in this terrible conflict from the calling of the Minute Men in April, 1861, until the surrender at Appointative Court House in April, 1865, Gloncester did more than she was called to do on land and sea, as Gloncester has always

than And that his beauthan coord since 1675 when in the first Indian War she commonwed to men, one-marked at her made population, to military service. In the French War (1745) 720 men saw service in the War of the Rosolation 1565, in Shay's Robellion, a small main 14, in the War of 1812-552 men in the Army and the Navy firstle War of the Robellion, 1500 men into the Army and 135 mes the Navy, in the war of 1898, 500 men, and in the very linest trouble on the Mexican made one over Co. C. Lighth Massichusetts, was mong the very first companies to report and to be recented to the full war strength footing. Proud of the resord, that time can never obliterate we of this generation pay willing teibate of appreciation to the Heroes of all the Wars.

Citizens Never Niggardly in Support of Education.

Events moved ripidly these last hundred years. The marginization of the School Department in 1849, one of the mobilest iets ever performed by our people affords the opportunity to briefly review some steps in the upward progress of education on Cape Ann. As

early as 1600 steps were taken to secure a schoolmaster, but it was not until two rore later that one was employed, when Thomas Ruges, Senant, was engaged at the manifest schare.



term to be

of one shalling sixpense per day when actually employed. It is was the first important supp. Since then the presence that been steady, our and Glours for citizens have never strated their support of their schools. At the pre-cut one schools school buildings, school systems school trackers, school of their schools and school management.

will compare most favorably with any town or city in the State. The appropriation for the support of the schools the present year is \$160,500, or one-third of the total appropriation for the current expenses. The number of scholars enrolled in 1915 was 1819, and the number of teachers 113.

Some Notable Sons Who Achieved Success Elsewhere.

Gloucester has had men of literary merit in the past among these Samuel Gilman, Unitarian preacher, author of "Fair Harvard": Epes Sargent, writer and editor who wrote that stirring ballad, "A Life on the Ocean Wave". Edwin P. Whipple, noted essayist, William Winter, delightful writer and greatest of living dramatic critics. Among the men and women of the present generation there are many who will write their names well to the top upon the scroll of fame for achievement in literature or science. Her record in the Army is most creditable, her first West Point graduate, Colonel John H. Calef, fired the first gun at Gettysburg, the deciding battle in the War of the Rebellion, while in

recent years she has kept at the Military Academy six men in succession (a record without a parallel) who are giving and will give good account of themselves in the service of their country, while in the Navy she has sent many of her sons who as officers or men have never failed in the final test of all, to do their whole duty.



Church Lidy of Good Voyers

from the one find religious parish of the earliest times we had the same stendy growth that has himsetermed all her other activities until today we have it closed organizations many of them owning fine church cultures all of them doing their part in the moral matter to examinating while supplementing their work a well housed Young Men's Christian Association transces a no small part in the Christian life of Christian

Unprecedented Growth of the Fishing Industry.

The growth of the fishing and the fisheries under transculars obstacles has been most constant during all the years since 1623, its record one of triumph from its



Sheller Tree Policy Value (1994)

hundle beginnings on Pishermen's Field. As early as 1650 we find fishing stages in the hurbor and fishermen employed, at contray later seventy vessels were thus employed in 1776 the number had mereased to 80 with a burdon of 1000 team. With all the changes that have laten place with all the losse at sea or along the man, have staged any but the battle branch with the number of many vessels to along ports with one at its numer important branches tooking for such the digment. (To be least business)

with the radical change in the National policy toward the fisheries, with the serious international complications that have hampered at times the business, with the changes in the rig and the model and finally in the method of carrying on the business by which consolidation of effort, brains and capital have brought about greater efficiency. Gloncester still, retains her supremacy as the Master Fishing Port of the United States. The records of the Custom House show that on June 30, 1916, there were 128 vessels enrolled here, carrying 2400 men, these vessels being 20 tons and over and 88 vessels, carrying 500 men, these vessels being under 20 tons, a grand total of 216 vessels, gross tonnage 15,135, carrying nearly 3,000 men. And the future never looked brighter with large increases in the number of vessels, of larger tonnage and employing many more men.

To give the record of the fish receipts, the number of the men employed and the value of the products landed from Gloucester fishing vessels, to attempt to tell you of some of the big stocks and the big shares is too big a task for me to undertake. It is only in recent years that any attempt has been made to officially do these things. The Cape Ann Advertiser and its successor the Gloucester Daily Times, furnish the best statistics and covering more than 60 years of the life of this city, their columns are veritable gold mines of information in regard to these matters. Very briefly, I might say that in 1847, sixty-nine years ago. Gloucester had 287 yessels, tonnage gross 12,354, employing menand boys 1787, and the value of the fishing product for that year was \$589,354. In 1915 Gloucester yessels landed at least 120,000,000 pounds of fish of all kinds. fresh and salted, and the value of its products was at least \$3,276,000. The present year has been much more prosperous. Some of the largest stocks have so far been made and the individual shares have been record breakers.

Mackerel Fishery Marked with Wide Fluctuations.

The nuckeral fisheries and of the most important branches has shown varying siccess during the past 108 or as that is once 1808 when the earth was 238 barrels. Many times within the past fifty years there have been pluminoual ratches and during some seasons it would

soom as if the mackers of had shange and altogether, but uguin and again has the fale mencel We me now having a run of the plantomenal luck. The compte of the Ghorester unekerd elises up to Sujudu formula pul the value ril that eately close to SSUREMENT WITH SOME of the shade and the abures executingly high 1017 mirmade compared with the 49 beground so for whose much his al-



ready proved the total of heit year and the value of that cannot be more of the high prices must be above the inflient mark. The high tocks of all previous years had had to be he exercised and the shares will equal the torbest. Indeed it is out of the ordinary that is happening the present year. If it were possible to state a constant the morey that the years he are making and the shares that the crows are receiving the statement and the shares that the crows are receiving the statement

Losses of Life the Dark Picture in the Fisheries.

And there is the dark side of the picture of the fisheries, the story of the losses in lives and in property, the homes which have been made desolate as father, son, brother or other relative has gone down into the sea to meet his death, the cry of the widowed and the fatherless, the poverty that the trail has left. It is not all sunshine on the water. The storm comes, the fog deepens, a steamer suddenly bears down from out the darkness and lives are lost, vessels go to the bottom or are driven helpless ashore to break to pieces. It is a heavy price that is paid that you and I shall be served with deep sea food, a heavier price than is the toll of any other industry. It has been impossible to give you the statistics for any but the more recent years and yet these will I am very sure be a revelation to you. Since 1830, 807 Gloucester vessels have been lost with a monetary value of \$1,348,816, and an additional value on the outfits of at least \$300,000. But what is the dollar when human life is taken into consideration. During these years, fourteen less than a century, 4,534 men, fishermen sailing out of Gloucester, have been lost at sea, an average of 53 men a year and if a man's life is worth \$5,000, then the monetary value of these lives thus lost is \$22,820,000, or very near the entire valuation of the assessed property of Gloucester the present year.

> "Maker of Men, when men are worth The highest price the times can hoard; She tosses heroes on the deep, As hands toss dice across a board."

It is well worth knowing that in recent years the loss of life is being steadily reduced each year, due beyond a question to the fact that the model of the Gloucester fishing vessel has been constantly improved until at the present time the type now building represents the utmost safety that careful study by practical fishermen can produce, a type of vessel that is being copied by the

best designers of other craft. In segmentances, in carrying expansity and in sailing power Gloneester lishing vessels are at the present time without a peer.

Sea Fisheries a Mine of Inexhaustible Wealth.

Some reference has been made to the markerel and ather fisheries. Since 1808 the markerel receipts agreed to 5,384-329, barrols with a realize of nearly 880 to 0.000. In some years the receipts have been well alone 150,000 forrels. The value of the codfish industry since 1623, the first year that it was carried on in Chance for his at a conservative estimate, amounted to 850 0.000 0.000. The sea fisheries are inexhaustible mine of great wealth. (I unrander deep obligations to Mr. John J. Pew of the Corton-Pew Fisheries for



You know

yory animal do mutistics of certain bannels and the fisheries according the past 25 years in Chancester)

But the half-line not been told you of the business of the fatherns. For there is the business of the carrieg and all that amers into the preparation of the different knots of add for food communition, surprisingly interesting a farances coupleying bundreds and foundreds of not and women whose stages ruch week fullal many

thousands of dollars, a business that has grown within twenty-five years to astonishing proportions and whose directors represent the highest type of business sagacity, enterprise and far-sightedness. To speak of the Gorton-Pew Fisheries, the Cunningham & Thompson Co., the William H. Jordan Co., the Frank E. Davis Co., the David H. Lane Co., is but to mention some of the largest fishing concerns of Gloucester known everywhere through the country.

Other Industries Which Show the City's Growth.

But fishing and the fisheries is not the only business carried on in this city. Second in importance comes the granite industry which has grown from very feeble beginnings a little over a century ago until it now employs many hundreds of men at very renumerative wages whose thrift is shown by the many homes, neat and attractive in appearance, that are to be found on the north side of the Cape.

Only a brief reference can be made to the interesting history of the growth and development of this important industry from very humble beginnings until it at the present time ranks second in the industries of Gloucester and Cape Ann. As early as the beginning of the eighteenth century Joshua Norwood at Sandy Bay was employed to cut flat blocks of stone for moorings for the fishing boats at that settlement, these blocks being six feet square and from ten to fifteen inches thick and through a hole cut in the centre about fifteen inches in diameter an oak butt, twenty feet in length was inserted. The stone was then dropped a proper distance from the shore and thus a safe mooring was afforded. Norwood also cut mill stones which he sold and thus became the pioneer stone cutter of Cape Ann.

The first stone known to have been shipped from Cape Ann was quarried about 1800 near Lobster Cove and moved on skids was loaded on a small fishing boat and taken to Newburyport where it was used as a mill

The seal history of the inclustry however dates from 1823, when Nehemiah Knowlton at Pigeon Core ent-some five hundred tons of stone which he advertised for sale and Major Bates of Quiney. Mass, earny to Sandy Bay and stated in trequenty stone. From that year the business developed under the direction of the proncer stone men of Rockport William Torrey who came from Quiney in 1824. Beriah Colburn, Earn Earnes Benjamin Hale, John Stinison and others and the quarties on the north side of the Cape furnished stone for the claim bridge over the Merriane and for the government fortifications in Boston Halbar and at the Charlestown and Portsmouth Navy Yards. Other slappments were also made to various places by sea and even to the Paone Coast, the West Indies and South America.

The first paying blocks were cut by John Stimson and the first blocks now known as the New York paying blocks were out by Beniah Collains, who at one time operated a quincy at Box View which alterward because the property of the Cape Ann Granite Co. and is now a part of the big plant of the Rockport Civilite Co.

It would be impossible to trace at longth the gradual but stooly growth of this inclusivy from its very families to granuage until at the present time Cape. And Granute is recognized as one of the best building materials in this country and Roskport paying is regarded as making for the very best of modern highway building. The Roskport Granute Company which practically controls the granute basiness of Cape. And is the basiness and more sequent than in 1804 at loss steadily grown until at the present time at 1804 at loss steadily grown until at the present time at employing handreds of many jud in the most applicable methods is torong and granute for all brids of building purposes. In immuse granute quarries in Pagent Cose and at Bay View are loves of

industry. Cape Ann Granite is extensively used throughout the country and some of the best structures have been built from it.

The Dog Bar Breakwater at the entrance to Gloucester Harbor is built of Cape Ann Granite and the immense Sandy Bay Breakwater off Pigeon Cove now in process of construction is also built of granite from the near by shore and this breakwater when finished as it must will be in very truth a Harbor of Refuge not alone for the big fleets of our own warships but for the commerce of the North Atlantic.

And there are many other and very diverse manufacturing plants. Known wherever language is spoken, whose present impregnable position has only been gained because those who started the business knew no such word as fail, a policy which has been adhered to ever since until it is the corner stone of the policy that directs its affairs today, the Russia Cement Company, is doing big business in a constantly enlarging plant near the railroad track in West Gloucester. Closely following, it is in place for me to mention, the Success Company, makers of useful things in steel and sheet metal, the big box and barrel factories, the foundry and



Russia Centre Co.

rounition plants, the Net and Twine Factory the Davis Bit place, the motor, yacht and some boat manufacturing companies, the Royal Manufacturing Concern. whose North Shop Dress Goods have made reputation for style and quality throughout the land, the Dewich Stocking Mills which are planning to build here on a large scale so well pleased are they with their location, the several oil clothing companies, for Cape Ann Cul Clothes have a reputation of their own. the plants where lines, fishing tackle and fog horns are manufactured, the big sail making and hammock eagerns, the copper paint and fish and cod liver oil plants the marine railways, the machinist industries, the traffic sign manufactory, whose silent policeman product is an acknowledged regulator of road traffic, the Hubbard Pilot Bread Bakery, the many dress manufacturing plants, the great cold storage plants, all these and many more attest to the diversity of our industries, all employing Gloneester labor at good wages and contributing each its part that the city may become as I have said the City Prosperous

Summer Visitors One of the City's Greatest Assets.

And purposely I have left until the list as one of the biggest assets of this city, the summer industry,



Same and

whose development has been so quiet, so steady and so sure that Gloucester has no fear as she faces the future. Thirty years or so ago a dozen families constituted the summer population and a few boarding houses cared for the summer boarders. In the year that Gloucester became a city not a single dollar was assessed on non-resident or summer real estate. In forty years how changed the story. In 1916 the non-resident real estate was assessed at very nearly \$7,000,000, while there are at least 900 distinctly summer homes, great summer hotels and numerous boarding houses eater to at least 5000 summer boarders, and I am well within the truth when I say that close on to half the taxes of this city



Hawthorne Inn

are paid by our summer people. The average ratio of growth for ten year periods indicate that within the next quarter of a century at least 2,500 distinctly summer homes will be occupied by summer families and larger and more magnificent summer hotels will care for the more transient guests. The coming of the summer people, establishing their homes here or causing the building up of the hotel and kindred enterprises means work for skilled and unskilled labor, business for the shopkeepers and holiday prosperity for the summer months. Gloucester must become the great vacation city of all New England, not for the crowds that seek

only a day's diversion, but for those who wish to five in a place beautiful by unture and healthy by reason of its situation.

Banks Show Large Resources and Conservative Management.

on the material resources of Goncester and better evidence can be produced than that given by the banks and that will hear comparison with any similarly situated community at New Figland. Conservative in their numgement as liberal with their ensteamers as a was banking policy dietates, the mon directing their utairs we broad minded and far scome Belleving in Globerstel they never lose their confidence in her material prosperity nor have they ever doubted that in the long run the sun would shine very bright upon its varied activities. The three banks of discount are the Cloneoster National, characted in 1796 is the Offinirestor Bank and constantly doing histiness for a hundred and everty years, the Cape Ann Vational (charged 1855) and the Cloncodor Safe Deposit and Tenst Company, their combined resources at the close of business September 11, 1916, being \$7,671,021. their conduited deposits 86 135 772, their equitil stock amplies and undevided profits \$1.0'd, 11'. The comidonthic thereises in deposits and incresons exthe present your reflects the maistail presperity of the City. The deposits to the Cape Ann Saying Bank (Incorporated 1846) with 9.545 depositors procually all local, that is of this mimediate vicinity, represent a total of \$3.072 : 218 while the Guarantee Land, Surplus and Laday ded Profit account is \$383, 100, so that the total resources of those financial institutions much very near the \$11 (and the man), whale the cooperative limb, at hallding and four association, has added resources of about \$500 too.

No description of Gloucester would be complete that did not refer to the excellence of the service rendered by the Gloucester Gas Light Company and by the Gloucester Electric Company, a service given it fair and equitable rates when population and demand are fairly taken into consideration. The splendid stores in every line of business serve the public well with large and selected stocks of goods and their proprietors cater to their customers with obliging clerks. Nor should the excellence of its ice supply be passed over. The Cape Poud Ice Company prides itself justly upon the purity of its ice, the reasonableness of its prices and the courteousness of its help.



Dog Lown

If in all these things I have forgotten to tell you the story of Dogtown it is not because I am insensible to the romantic history that lies within that story. I could not if I wanted to, tell you as I would like all about that deserted village in the very centre of our Cape whose only witnesses of its existence today are the few overgrown cellars and the hills whore once the corn was planted. The picture that the story would tell is so mysterious, so weird, so near the hand of dreams that only a master painter could picture that would thrill the listener.

The Change from Town to City Form of Government.

In 1874 the town became the city. It had outgrown the town meeting and the town government. The change proved beneficial but in 1908 a so-called commission form of government was adopted. This term of municipal government has its faults and yet on the whole progress is being made. Large reductions in the funded dobt the practical adoption of the Payas You Go policy give evidence that manneaed councils are now alive to the importance of bringing about conditions that will result in a much layor to a rate.



COLC. HECO.

The total valuation for 1916 was \$20.529.152, the tax rule \$22, the net funded debt exclusive of the Water and Park debts, January 1, 1916, \$128.500 and the barrowing rapidly \$213,142. The net dem is being reduced at the rate of \$50,000 of more and year and the tax rule should be much lower hereafter. The population of Globerster in 1704 was 700, in 1775 it was 1,975 in 1875 it was 10.751, in 1915 it was 21.178 with 5.857 legal voters. The death rate is 12 per thursand which make for the sits rule of the lowest in the state.

Munificent Provision for Care of the Aged and Infirm.

In Homes for the Aged and Infirm, in finds for the relief of poverty and suffering, in the care of its poor, Gloucester is nobly doing its duty. For its fishermen it has provided an Institute Building and Reading Room and a Home for those who are stranded in their old age. Gilbert, Sawyer, Huntress, Chisholm, Healy, Hammond, these and many others have given well that suffering should be relieved and life made



Huntress Hom

more pleasant. Gilbert and Healy by the size of their bequests to the hospital, by the scope and breadth of their benefactions, have builded better than any obelisk their monuments. And these are but the fore-runners of many other men and women for whom the gratitude of the citizens of Gloncester will be given in future years. Somehow, after all, the very air and atmosphere of Gloncester makes people kind, considerate, large hearted, generous

Gloncester has many secret and fraternal orders each one doing its own work for the uplift of its members, doing it quietly but most effectively. These

societies occupy luge space in the social life of the city, but they best serve the community because of their work in purely charitable and fraternal lines.

It is in place to speak of the Master Marmers Association whose membership is composed of the men of the Colonester fishing fleet who have worked up from the lowest round of the ladder until they have become the "skippers" of the best fleet of sailing vessels that belong to any port in the United States. Their rooms centrally located offer generous hospitality at all seasons of the year to their own members as well as to the strangers who may be but transport visitors to the old fishing port.

The Gloncoster Board of Trade, a strong business organization, occupies a commanding position as the centre of the varied activities which aim to advance the purely business interests in a broad way.

Fortunate in the Possession of Many Parks and Beaches.

Of her parks and her beaches Chancester can justly bonst Her principal park, Stage Fort, historic spot one of the most historic in the state, where the tablet is that I have told you about, is without may question the finest on the North Shore, supplementing, is the boulevind that is being consenered to Elyanian Bridge and together will the Kent Circle none at hand makes a fitting entrance to the city. This hardevand will in time be fundhed clear to the Sprisch for and Character will have within ten years the most heautful approach of any city in this country. Along the endern shore of the Annispinia River from Western aromic the city owns the onthe stretches bere to the radical landge and when that is developed as it will be through our long of a river park and placeround, such as an other city in her class proscours. In time-Instante Dogward will inidoubledly some topotthe possession of the city, and with driving roads constructed another parking space will be added for the enjoyment of the people. Through the generosity of Samuel E. Sawyer, Ravenswood Park at Presh Wuter Cove has been given to our citizens together with sufficient funds to develop and care for it. Situated as it is on high land overlooking the city, of large acreage and finely wooded, it is indeed a beautiful place. At West Gloucester, Mt. Anne Park, the highest spot in Gloucester is a public reservation. On Commonwealth avenue the city owns the crest of the hill.



Sand Dunes, Wingaershick Heich

In beaches in which the city certainly has rights Gloneester has many places where her people can both in summer time and these are most valuable assets. No city owns any finer. In public landings also the city is well situated and the present council have wisely decided to develop one at the foot of Washington street, which shall be of invaluable assistance to the yachtsmen and the Navy people who use our harbor us well as our own people who have occasion to need to

Foreign Commerce and Aids to Navigation.

If I have failed to make that reference to the coastwise and foreign commerce that its importance

seems to demand it is not that I am mammath that it has at many a period in our history been of large proportion and of considerable antivity. It is an interesting and laselimiting history and in the years that are past at has brought much wealth to the bruss that engaged in it and to the captains that sailed the slope. There are some another one superior harbor healthness to believe that with one superior harbor healthness the time will again some when Glomester will once more be the centre of occur going trade, penching into Control and South America, and by reason of the Panamu Capplianto the lar East.



Colombial Statistics, Statisti

On Ten Pennel Island beside the hightnesse the Government has established one of its most apportual fish hatcheres. At Eastern Plant another hightness warns the morinor of the danger at the harbor common, while from the Plant extending many lumitest from Dog Par Breakwater makes sate anchorage within the harbor for shapping even in the severest summ

Early Fire Societies Succeeded by Excellent Fire Department.

references ter some absorptilly beaut of and be promited to I'm Department, one of the facet of the departments to proportion to its one to the state. I can but intellige

speak of some things in its history. The first fire of any record was 1675, the first big fire was 1830 when the western end of Front now Main street, was wiped out on its southerly side with a property loss of \$100,000, in this fire 3,000 barrels of mackerel were burned up value at the present time over \$50,000. For the relict of those made homeless by that fire nearly \$15,000 was contributed by citizens of Boston and other places in that vicinity. But by far the biggest fire that Gloncester has had was that in February, 1861, when 103 buildings were destroyed with their contents along both sides of Front now Main street, from near the head of



Main Street after Big Fire

Porter street, eastward to the Custom House the money loss being rising half a million of dollars and hundreds of barrels of mackerel were burned, valued at many thousands of dollars.

Before the fire engine Gloucester had fire societies, men who banded themselves together for mutual protection and as early as 1789 there was the Masonic Fire Society, in 1793 the first fire engine was bought, in 1830 the hydraulic engine and the same year the first reservoir, in 1831 was the first panade of the first department, in 1833 the first ladder company, in 1850 the first hook and ladder truck the first steam for engines in 1864, in 1882 the fire alarm was included

in 1887 the first chemical and the water service and the water hydrants, in 1911 the auto chemical and in 1915 a long step in advance was taken with the advent of the powerful Ahrens Fox Auto Engine In 1915 the total number of fire alarms responded to was 201. including 62 still, 95 telephone, 47 bell. The department apparatus consists today of an auto pumping engine, auto chemical, auto chief car 5 steam engines. 3 trucks, 6 hose wagons, 3 combination chemical and hose, 2 supply wagons, 2 chemicals in reserve, 29 extinguishers, I fire boat pump. December 1, 1915, there were 177 men connected with the department. one chief who is also inspector of buildings (permartent) four assistant engineers, 22 permanent men, 150 call mon. The cost of the department in 1915 was about S52 (100)

Water Supply Ample and Adequate and of Unquestioned Purity.

A city cannot hope to have it a successful fire department unless it has an ample and adequate water supply. That unquestionably this city has and moreover a supply of pure water whose sources of supply can never be contaminated. Her water debt at the present time is about syncione, and that the city has any such debt is due to the shortsightedness of certain of her so-called business men who in the early stages of the discussion of a minimipal water plant advised the voters to vote against any such project. Had the city put in its own plant instead of allowing a trunger to do it and then folling it to the oity at a law profit Glowester would at the present time be receiving thousand of dollars in income meterid or being obliged to put a large debt and interest account. In 1915 there were 15-29 water taken, the water receipts were \$112,923 Five hundred million addone of water vere pumped during the year, with an average of 1.313.314

gallons daily or 16 gallons to each consumer. There are 65 miles of main pipes and the plant at the present time is in excellent condition, with three large water supply basins. The city pays nothing for either hydrant or city service. There are 376 fire hydrants covering the city and the city buildings are all practically supplied with water.

What the Future of Gloucester Promises.

Gloucester of the Past and of the Present, that has been what I have tried to tell you. We citizens are proud of the record. It is a record of achievement against sometimes heavy odds. We like to tell the story of its history. It is full and running over with events all interesting, many of great importance. It cannot be denied that this is historic country. Our men and our women stand for the best things; they have been and are men and women of courage and conviction. Cosmopolitan as the community is by reason of the coming into our midst of the peoples of many nationalities, we challenge anyone to say that we are not law-abiding, lovers of justice, firm believers in the right. Honest hearted and open hearted we have



luner Harbot 1 It

those our share when the calls for moletance have come no units us. We have never raised a millionaire but far better those given wealth we have raised men and women who large or elsewhere have done their whole dury a citizens.

Considered of this past, we look confidently into the future. The post as sergie, what has been as weather never to be changed. Charious as has been that pastthe future opens wide before us still more glavious. The next 25, 50, 100 years of Glones are will 3m years filled with progress and prespecity. Or fishing and the fisheries of grante and the grante trebuter of the many other manufacturing plants may be ded here we lace no feet. Others and still others are to follow-We torve had and do have mon of hig business, but we shall have others and still others to take their places and each generation will set the standard higher still And her and possibly the greatest of all our secte, we shift grow and develop as a summer home city and from that alone we shall find a name of never failing wealth better vis richer than any of the Khuudikos with West

> 'changeone le Lale, yet averdrous foir For artist schrods or per a pero Yet sulf its small beyond companle or to reason a copie mas.'



Points of Interest

Annisquam Willows, planted about seventy years ago by members of the Chard family. early stage coach drivers between Lanesville, Bay View, Annisquam and Gloucester. form an archover Washington street near Vine street just before reaching the village. Annisquam Bridge, built in 1861, although as early as 1832, the General Court granted certain residents of Annisquam the right to build a bridge and charge tolls. This authority was not exereised for in 1847 a similar act was passed and about that time a bridge must have been built for in the town warrant for 1850 there was an agitation to take over the bridge. Annisquam Lighthouse wss erected in 1851 on what was then Wigwam Point, now



Annisquam Point. Annisquam River running from Gloucester Harbor to Ipswich Bay is much used by fishing boa's and by pleasure craft. Its shores furnish delightful locations for summer homes. Two islands in the river. Annisquam Island (formerly Biskie Island, then Woodbury's, then Rust's) and Merchant's Island (formerly Millett's, then Pearce's) also are finely situated for summer homes.

Blynman Bridge marks the site where the cut or canal was made in 1643 by Rev. Richard Blynman, first settled minister after the Incorporation of the town, 1642. The present bridge was built 1910.

Bass Rocks, a lending summer resort of the North Shore is noted for its rugged boulders, its surf, its summer homes and hotels, its shore drives Good Harbor Beach, nearby, a splendid stretch of hard smooth sand, affords the finest surf bathing. Brace's Cove just beyond Bass Rocks and at Eastern Point affords at all times magnificent surf display, especially after a severe storm.

The Cape Ann Scientific and Literary Association occupy a brick building at 65 Middle street, and here can be seen a fine collection of early models of Gloucester fishing vessels, much material relating to Gloucester history and an interesting model of Front street (now Main) as it was before the great fire of 1864.



Beaver Dan on Lestern avenue near the Rockpart line, is the site of a saw rull creeted son after 1642

Cottin's Beach now called Wingacrsha kt is a negrific at stretch of hard sin, lover a mile in length and is backed by an I flure of unusual beauty. Situated in West Gloucester, it is easly reschiel by way of Concord and Atlantic streets. The Coffin form of which the local forced a particular streets. The Coffin form of which the local forced a particular was the property of Peter Coffin, a settler here as only as 1688, who bought it of William Stevens who bought it of Jointhan Willoughby of Lambon. Willoughby Purk, and cluster this Jointhan Willoughby, is a large tract of several hundred acree right at the entrance to the lamb and is being developed for time summer hories.

Dog Town Common site of a deserted village, is reshed by way of Groupement Riverbale and a smoot interesting and too nating place to visit. It makes number of large and small boulders as ong the White's day arrest he attent in of the visitor, while in all three time there are appeals views.

The Here for Cape Ann Fishermen. 130 Letern evenue the gett of John Hays Harman Literrules a confortable shelter for children for here. The Lisher on a literature on Dunia treat of the fine treatment of their environments to be a very letter of the excellent institution.

Five p l Ter Pound Dank in Glasser Halberges a well one the sure were find for the day the original order. Like Pound I Lind in the mucr barber was it are time owned by William Visconstitler have in 1042 who also exceed Vineau Pount for a lamb to a control of 1820 reliable 1890. The Pound I Lind algebras control of 1820 reliable 1890. The 1887 result the outgoing a transfer of the formal of the United State Link Commission and have eat blacket.

Common Hall, the cert is Common with very constitution of the fixally like a constitution of the cert is the fixally like and the cert is the constitution of the cert is the

At Eastern Point is located the Old Fort, erected in 1862 by the Government. It is now the site of The Ramparts, the beautiful summer home of the Raymond family of Cleveland, Ohio. At the extreme end of Eastern Point is the lighthouse, erected 1831, rebuilt 1890, Near the lighthouse, extending nearly half a mile toward the harbor is Dog Bar Breakwater, built of Cape Ann granite and finished in 1904. Also near the lighthouse is Old Mother Ann, a perfect contour of the face of an old woman in the boulders and was for many years named by the boat fishermen "Woman in the Rocks." At Eastern Point is Nile's Pond, Nile's



Beach, fine driving roads, heautiful summer estates, many summer hotels and boarding houses and the entire territory is already one of the best of the North Shore summer places. On Ledge Lane near Mount Pleasant avenue and East Main street is "The Studio on the Moors" built in 1916 from designs by the noted architect Ralph Adams Cram by Mr. and Mrs. William E. Atwood, where during the seasons exhibitions will be given by the artists and sculptors who spend the summer menths on the Cupe. Near the studio is the beautiful estate of Mr. and Mrs. Atwood

Mount Anne Park (formerly Tompson Mountain), the highest point of land on Cape Ann, is reached by New Way Lane off Essex avenue at West Gloucester. Another high point of land is The Poles at Riverdale, just this side of The Mills on Washington street. Both these points afford the best views in all directions from Gloucester. Mount Anne Park is a memorial to the Minot family of Boston and is a public reservation.

The ample water supplies of the city are located at West Gloucester and comprise Wallace. Dike and Haskell's Ponds. Of large extent, of a fine quality of water and with the city owning on all sides of each pond, the city is extremely fortunate, and the present supply is capable of larger development. At Haskell's Pond, a fine wood road connects Essex avenue with Manchester village. The water system was first used in 1885. Fernwood Lake at West Gloucester and Cape Pond of Estern avenue near the Rockport line are the important supplies for the Cape Pond Ice Co. Cape Pond furnishes the water supply for Rockport

The first poor house was located on Grande street nor the content. Summer street and was built and occupied in 1790. The first witch vestablished in 1705 on what is now the high land off Fort opens. At

this point in 1742 the first fort was built and during the War of the Revolution 1775, and the War of 1812 the fort was rebuilt and occupied. In the old days the place was called Watch Hill and the street was called Battery street (now Commercial street).



The Grist Mills at Riverd le were first used so site for a saw mill in 1642 and in 1677, the mill for grinding even was estillished and has been in continuous use ever since.

Dancan Point was so named because it was fermerly owned by Peter Duncan, one of the earliest settlers, in 1042. On the high land near the Point where the stone house now stands at the close of the Revolution the conclusion of Peace was celebrated and a large oak tree, twenty three feet in circuit ference, was brill untly illuminated. The stone house was built and occupied by Fitz H. Lane, the last known and much beloved native born artist and here he passed away in 1805.

At 79 Middle street was located the fallows Broome tovern, a noted resort is early as 1725. At the junction of Main and Rosers streets was the Jon than Lowe tovern where the first trivel by stage to Boston commenced in 1788. The large square in front was called Market square. On the opposite corner of Main and Washington streets the Tarrin Herel we built in 1810 by James Toppan For over a century this life one of the first brick buildings ero to Im Chemoter his served the table or a letel at different time called the Cileace ter House, Moon House and Puritin House. This hetel in the mille of the mucteenth century was the centre of the social life of Glauceter Another old time taxern was located on Western sense (the Canal treet | near the Cut bridge and was called the Pine Tree Tweet and luring the Revolution was the gathering il ce for the rigios of the town Where the Parishial region of in Proper street was the Garagen However, the Lone of Peg Weem, the witch who figured in an interesting open le mothe I reach War 1745.

St. C. Fort Park right at the extrace to Glauceter in Western scione of his most historic spectra. Glavic ter and on Cape Ann. Here the first at less care in 1623 at I hadron in Hall Mean Beach they set on their taking state in Fisherian a Lable set to a the kings and here in the catallaked the foliage is better to the extraction in this plant the catallaked the foliage is better to the extraction of the first term in the extraction of the first term in the first bank the first bank the first bank the first bank.

Massachusetts Bay Colony was established and here Roger Conant cane us Governor. From this spot dates the permanent settlement of Cate Ann. On the big boulder near Half Moon Beach in 1907 the citizens of Gloucester dedicated the bronze tablet to commemorate the important events that here took place. Here as early as 1775 a fort was built, to be rebuilt in 1812 and in the War of the Rebellion 1861-05. In 1898 the Park was purchased by the citizens to be lorever used for public purposes. Here the big out of door events take place in the summer months and the Great Pageant of 1909 was given here and in August of each year Gloucester Day is celebrated with much ceremony On the highlands back of Stage Fort Park and nearer Fresh Water Cove is Ravenswood Park, a beautiful tract of wild land of several hundred acres. given to the people of Gloucester by Samuel E. Sawyer and by his trustees finely developed with roadways and by-paths and easily approachable for bedestrian, carriage or auto by a new roadway built from Western avenue just beyond Fresh Water Cove village. The Park is also reached by the old Salem Turnpike leading from Western avenue at the top of Bray's

Hill. Along this roadway is 'The Hermitage' where for thirty years summer and winter has lived Mason A. Walton the Hermit and this place is one of the many most interesting places in the city to visit. At Fresh Water Cove, off Hesperus avenue, just beyond the station of the United States Coast Guard, is the



Norman's Woe Rock, made famous by the poem by Longfellow "The Wreck of the Hesperous".

Windmill Hill, the site of the former Surfside Hotel now the site of The Tavern, the new hotel, built 1917, was so mimed because here in 1814 Ignatius Webber built a large wordmill which was subsequently removed to Fort square and has since been taken down. Along Western avenue then Canal street from this spot toward the cut bridge was a large rope walk built by Mr. Webber and Aaron Plumer in 1803, which later became the property of Benjamin K. Hough, Senior, and he offered it to the town about 1855 for \$1000, on the condition that it should be kept for a public park. This the town did not accept but at the present time efforts are being made to secure the entire stretch for a houlevard. Directly in front of this property is Payilian Beach overall by the city and situated so near to the city proper, it is a tworste place for bathing and recreation. Where the Collins School now stands co Prospect street was another windmill. Prospect street was then a hall Back street, Middle street was Cornhill and Main street was known -Fore street. On Middle street between the First Purch Church (Unitarian) and the present Sawyer Labrary building was mother hand rope walk extending clear to Back street

Dure Fulling at the foot of Blyman avenue, at variety line for lathing, was a called because opposite this spot the currents of Annaquem river most and a parsons paling or fudging a bank or raft, gainst the current, here took the tide for and therefore were "done tooking"

The greent Forbs School building Willington, street, wis built in 1844 and with the first Town Hall of Glouester. It was built out of times received from the State, Ising a partial of the might which the United States divided a long the different states and this in Masselvsetts was living for ong the towns indicate. When the present City Hell was built the eld Town Hell was turned again to the about digital and it then become the Parise School, in meditor the Rev. Lit Forbeminister of the First Parish 1776 to 1804 who was not betterful in the schools.

The Allian Gilbert Hospital founded by Aldisen Gilbert in 1888, complex a fine situation at 298 W shirsten street. The Heatress Hone for Agel Women, milities of Glausster, via founded by Joseph L Huntres of Bestin, a native of Glauss or in 1884. It is its today 110 Prospect street.

Cax Hall. Dale avenue built in 1870 to rethre the new are on the serie, burnel May 1869, contains many whether its indicator records and vital statistics, valuable parting by Law and other arterial treasurable of the early facilies of Obvious errord away in of Glovester, England

The Young Men's Christian Association creatized 1857 supported valuable property corner of Mullle and Haucock street. Not this are Mullle street was the whipping part and for the lattice on 1780, along the street was built the first three strry dwelling has con Ghare for Laut 1800 by John Seavens Ellery. The house was furnity years can be land occupied by Dr. Elsenger Dale at this descendants.

The print Custon Heure and Pert Office vis hadron 1854 of the site visit for the residence of Epis Sire at who in 1779 was appointed the tirst Collector of Custon. The tirst Posts ter visit





Henry Phelis, appointed 1792 is the first Post Office was in his building, corner Main and Centre streets (now site of Tiblets Block). The oldest Post Office building now standing is the small one story building situated near the Definical Engine House on Prospect street and formerly stood near 81 Main street and was the office when Gorhan Pursons was Postmister in 1839

The First Parish (Unitarian) Church, Middle street, was built 1828 and replaced the first church built on the same site in 1738 when the Parish moved from Meeting House Green after having occupied three meeting houses on or near that spot. The present church contains many articles of historic value, notably the shot which was fired into the older church in August 1775 by Captain Linzee of the British Man of War Falcon when he unsuccessfully bombarded the town. Among other articles may be mentioned the rare silver communical service over a century old. In the older church all the important public events were held during the latter part of the eighteenth and the early half of the nineteenth centuries, including the town meetings.



Near Meeting House Green "up in town" were located the first three meeting houses of the First Parish, although an earlier meeting house was probably built nearer the old Burying Ground on Centennial avenue. Here was built the meeting house of the Fourth Parish, 1752 taken down 1840. Here was the old time Training Field although I ter the awas another nearer the centre of the town at the certain of Maphon I avenue and Prospect street. The Ancient Burying Ground on Contennial avenue near Washington street was used a carly as 1942 at the oldest in the city. At West Gloucester is the Torsen Burying Ground, the second oldest, and here be the remains of Revereit Samuel Tomson, first minister of the Second Parch, via duch Decellar 8, 1724.

The Sever I Perish Church (West Glowester) we light 1710 cm in devated point of had off Lissex avenue and was taken down in 1840. The Third Parish (Arrisquam) Church was hult 1728 very near the hostion of the present church which was built 1830 and as now the Universalist Church. The Fifth Parish (Sack Bay now Rockfort) Church was built 1754 on a site very near where the Battat Church in that town is situated. It was taken down in 1805 and the present church of that Parish was built in 1804. In the believe of the Method of Church at Riverdale (the successor of the Fourth Parish) there is the bell that formerly bring in the believe of the first church building of the Fifth or Sandy Bay Purish and during the treath of the approach of the coercive troops.

The Independent Christian Scienty (University) and explored of Colonial Church at the corner of Middle and Church streets built 1800 and the magnificent eless that line the entrance yard were planted nearly—century ago. The church contains any surveius of John Murray, its first minister and of Thomas Jones, its second minister litudes has a beautiful colonial clock over—century old, a silver communion service at least as old and twenty four monoral windows to profit in the milkers of the society. An interesting client is the small larred organ which wo used in the first church hulding of the society the first Universalist Church in America) which steed to the corner of Main and Water streets where the Bradford Building is now. The ball in the church steedle was cost by the Paul Revere Foundry.

At Mignelia near the village a Rate a Charm dop to source in the ledge on the source share a named from a man by the rate of Ralph who cance lived near the spat Near the charm a smaller ore alled Little Charm

Bende Mether Ann broady reterred to exter curious for strongs in the rocks and builders of Gloves for are the proble of Wishington on the share at Bir Rocks the proble of the OH Roman in the patient of Externavorus near 130 Letternavorus, in the Elephants Headfurned from the immense builder in one of the falls at Anniaguan Point.

Clauster les two up to dite yeld clubthe Clauster Yicht Club at Riels Note and The American Yicht Club at Vanagase There are the execut

e terms Gall Links modelly the one at Base Rocks of the Post Rocks



The first Island as Long narrows infamiliant Limit Link, Resignation and Leaves the first diagrams being the leaves of Cap. Vocasional Links in 1645. To 1714 Res. John White ministers of the line Parallel



bought the island for one hundred pounds and in 1727 he sold it to Joseph Allen for one hundred seventy-five pounds. In 1771 the Colonial Government bought it for five hundred pounds and proceeded to erect the twin lighthouses and on December 21, 1771 they were lighted for the first time. Except for a time during the Revolution these lights have burned every night to warn those who travel upon the sea of the dangers of the coast.

Gloucester and Cape Ann have many points where summer homes have been built and at the present time over a thousand lamilies have thus located here beside the many thousands who take advantage of the living afforded by the many summer hotels and boarding houses and the summer season is constantly lengthening, the people coming each year earlier and staying later. To speak of the following places on Cape Ann is to speak of delightful places where either the most sumptuous summer mansion or the simpler summer bungalow and camp have been built to be occupied each year by families who are glad to call Cape Ann their summer home Magnolia, Fresh Water Cove, West Gloucester, Wingaersheek, Round the Parish, Fernwood, Standwood Point, Winniahdin, Agamenticus Heights, Eastern Point, Bass Rocks, Brier Neck, Long Beach, Land's End, Starknaught Heights, Stone Haven, Straitsmouth, Pigeon Cove, Phillips avenue, Ocean View, Lanesville, Bay View, Rockholm, Norwood Heights, Annisquam, Thurston Point, Wheeler's Point Riverview, Wolf Hill, Annisquam Island, Merchant's Island.

At Essex, seven miles from Gloucester either by trolley or by auto over the finest of state highways, the shippards where for many years Gloucester vessels have been built are well worth seeing. Here at the present time there is unusual activity and the latest models including the bean trawler and the three master may be seen upon the socks. Essex built vessels are known for their sea worthiness, their sailing quality and their currying capacity.

The Gloucester Board of Trade located in the Gloucester Back Building 187. Main street extend every hospitality to the stranger and glodly turnish information about Gloucester as a place to do by me in the permanent home or for a summer residence. Their rooms have every facility for writing, reading, telephoning and centrally located are easily accessible to everyone.

Old Gloucester Houses



Riggs House, Vine street from 558 W shington treet eller has a circular Anni was buil 1660 by Thomas Riggs first school in ter, town clerk for lifty years, selection, represent tive. Dennison House Rivere street from 628 Weshington street, Buy View was built 1727. Bilsen House, 245 Wishington street, built alsout 1749 by Colored William Allen, still retains the slave pers in the attic, used when slavery existed in Gloucester. Ellery House, 244 Wishington, street built about 1704 by Rev. John White minister of the First Persili, who slid is to James Stevens who kept a tavern there until 1740 when he alled it to William Ellery by whose describings it is now owned as least of

Surgert Murrey Gilman House, 47 Middle street built by John Steven in 1770, who married Judath, the daughter of Winthrap Secret. Mr. Sargert was one of the founders of Universalism in Glouce ter. After the death of John Steven, his widow narried Rev. John Murrey. Insider of Universalism in America and they lived here everally endiater it became the home of Major Frederick Gilman and bere was been Rev. Secuel Gilman, who wrete "Fair Harvard" and we could tend to tarran minister. Here lived in the middle of the narrie of the century I then Hargh, prominent as a crizen and a Universalist. It is the face t Gilman did how on Cap. Ann. its parlier and half language of the natural field of Security John and Juntil Security Murrey and Securel Gilman.

Free In House on Lock versus for Purping State I will 1700. Byles Twern 403 Lock versus, in the Lovern of the color of the true I will be at 1700. So and Prese How. 197 We form versus India 1990. Parans Mars Home. 195 We form versus both that 1713. On William at a Judga many like hows both present a 1770 many that the Parans Home.

White in Henc, 21 William to the Lot 17c0 Re. John Reser Henc Od Moldly treet high disar 1775 Nebrush Prince 188 Million to the heavy of the 1775 William Prince 188 Million to the heavy of the 1775 Philosophiam to 1775 Philosophiam to 1775 Cold and Later

house, 77 Middle street, built about 1770. Rev. Eli l'orle house, 40 Middle street, built about 1770. William Dolliver house, 90 Middle street, built previous to 1770. Sanders House, 88 Middle street, built



1704, now the Sawyer Free Library, with benutiful colonal intervers Gillert Home, 3 Western avenue, built by Nathaniel Lilery 1750 afterward owned by Samuel Gilbert and his son Addison Gilbert who in 1888 willed it to Gloucester as a Home for Aged Men and Wemen Col. John Steven's house, 3 Angle street, built about 1770. Peter Dolliver House, 214 Main street, built about 1700. William Cens House, East Main street, opposite Ferry Landing with about 1750.



Brooklank, Freshwater Cove, 256 Western avenue, built by the ance tor of Samuel L. Sawyer in 1714. The home of Mr. Sawyer for many years.

There are but a few of the many old and interesting houses of Gloucester There are many others. Many an hour can profitably be spent, in visiting them, in reading of their history and of the people who either built or occupied them. Some ten years ago George II Procter in series of articles under the pseudonym "Old Timer" wrote near interesting things about them and about Glouces er of the olden days, these lange published in the Glouces er Times. Within the pst months I be and H. Lane has written in The Times delightful recollections of Washington street.

Beside the important and valuable histories of Glauce ter by B.L. a and Pringle, the Memoral of the Two Hundred and Lift oth Anniversity the Story of Dog own by Mann. In and around C. pe. Annily Well-r

the Lishermon's Memorial and Record Books by Proeter Universalism in Glowester by Eddy, many other books may zine article, less larticles in The Times have been written about this old fishing port. Such writers as Kirling, Ehzalseth Stuart Phelps Ward, Councilly have written revels that tell the story of its people. Local and other poets have contributed in a delightful way much of value. For years noted artists have come to Glowester and Cape Annual meted sculptors as well. Here every summer hundreds of artists make their home and the ritists colonies are among the larger ones in all. New England, and here they put onto canvas the unrivalled glory of the sear ind the shore, the quantit and crooked streets, the old fishioned houses, the tesher people, the wharves, the beaches, the sand dunes and the wanderful skies and sur ets above the western hills.

Beside the many points of interest to be seen in Gloucester to which reference his been made, the varied busines activities are all well worth visiting and they are so many and so diversified that they furnish puch material for study and inspection. At these varied establishment, visitors are always welcome and every possible courtesy is extended by those in charge. Not the least interesting are the wharves of Gloucester where one can usually see a Gloucester fisherman either just in from a trip or just gitting ready to sail. Not once, but many times will the stranger visit these wharves so redolent of the life of Gloucester.



The publication of the large that here is be public by the cooperate is of the representative indvention who have the cooperate within it covers. They are worth of the public of the whole the last one reach. The public of the last of the whole the wine to e.p. here we have the public of the last of the la

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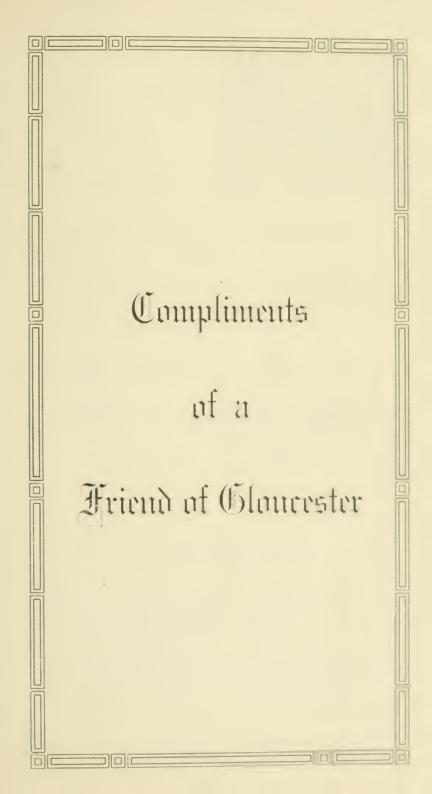
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